



NOT TOO BIG. NOT TOO SMALL.

The Huntington Mid Corp America Fund's focus on mid-sized companies may provide the best of both worlds.

What are Mid-Cap Stocks and Why are They Attractive?

“Mid-cap” stocks are issued by companies that typically have a market capitalization of \$1 to \$10 billion. Often, these are companies that have achieved a certain amount of success in their industry, but haven’t yet achieved household name status.

These “middle children” are often overlooked by investors, receiving less coverage by Wall Street analysts and less attention from the press. The Huntington Mid Corp America Fund recognizes that this neglect may be an anomaly for opportunity.

LOST IN THE MIDDLE

Compared to most small-cap companies, successful mid-caps companies typically exhibit:

- *Less volatility; they are past many of the risks of the start-up stage*
- *Established, sustainable business models*
- *Stronger balance sheets, allowing access to capital at lower cost*
- *Proven management teams*
- *Developing brand recognition*
- *Present potential for sizeable growth*

Compared to most large-cap companies, mid-caps often have:

- *Management teams focused on executing an earnings growth strategy rather than a dividend play*
- *Higher cash flows and greater earnings acceleration*
- *Greater management flexibility, less bureaucracy*
- *Remain under the radar screen of many equity analysts, allowing investors to capitalize on the market inefficiencies that result from less coverage*
- *May be candidates for merger or acquisition*
- *Mid-cap investing involves greater risk not associated with investing in more established companies, such as greater price volatility, business risk, less liquidity and increased competitive threat*

Not surprisingly, mid-cap companies are often under represented in investors’ portfolios. While mid-cap stocks represent 27% of the market, only about 15% of domestic mutual fund assets can be classified as mid-caps (Morningstar, 12/2010).

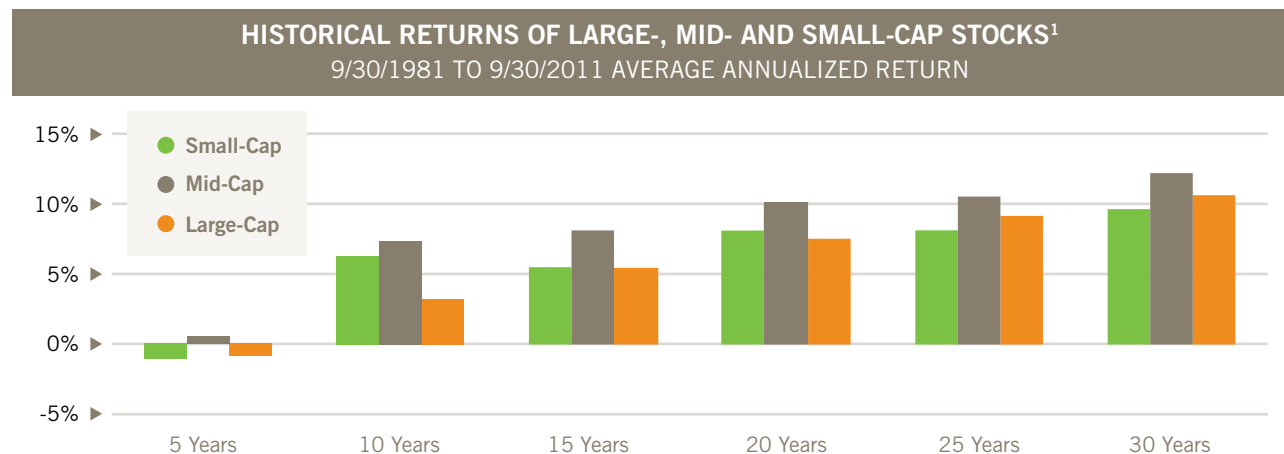
And therein lies the potential opportunity.

Are Mid-Caps an Opportunity Worth Taking?

Let's take a look at:

Performance

Mid-caps have outperformed both large- and small-cap stocks for the 5, 10, 15, 20, 25 and 30 year time periods as shown in the chart below. As a matter of fact, on a cumulative basis over the last 30 years, mid-caps outperformed small caps by 97% and large caps by 45%.*



¹ Performance shown is representative of the indexes shown and not the Fund as of September 30, 2011. Please note, it is not possible to invest directly in an index. Performance of the Fund may be obtained by visiting huntingtonfunds.com.

The performance data quoted represents past performance and does not guarantee future results. The investment return and principal value of an investment will fluctuate; thus an investor's shares, when sold or redeemed, may be worth more or less than their original cost. Current performance may be lower or higher than return data quoted herein.

*Returns are net of fees as of 9/30/2011.

Large-caps as represented by the Russell 1000 Index, mid-caps as represented by the Russell Mid-Cap Index, and small-caps as represented by the Russell 2000 Index.

Risk

Mid-cap stocks have demonstrated a remarkable ability over time to capture much of the upside during positive market cycles while tending to hold their own during the storms of negative markets. Over the long run, the standard deviation, a measurement of risk, of mid-cap stocks has tended to be more similar to that of stable large-caps than the more volatile small-cap stocks.

Consistency

As an asset class, mid-caps have shown consistently solid performance in all types of markets during the booming markets of the late 1990s when mid-caps beat small-caps in total return, followed by the turbulent markets of the early 2000s when mid-caps held their value better than large-caps. This consistency may make them a good choice as a core holding no matter which way the markets head.

There is no guarantee that this or any investment strategy will succeed; the strategy is not an indicator of future performance; and investment results may vary.

What About Now?

Compared with smaller, less-established companies, mid-cap companies have tended to be more resilient during tough economic times as a result of their stronger balance sheets and better access to capital.

During post-recession recoveries, these companies have historically shown their ability to take advantage of early-cycle growth opportunities. Because of their size, management can often act more quickly to make hiring decisions and adjust production requirements.

Also, as merger and acquisition activities begin to pick up, mid-caps may be ideal potential takeover candidates, both in terms of their inherent growth prospects and since their smaller size can make them easier to swallow than larger companies.



What About You?

If you are typical of many investors, you may have assumed that adding a small-cap component is the best way to diversify your blue-chip portfolio.

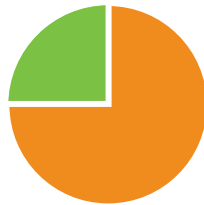
If so, you may be missing the opportunity that mid-caps provide to further reduce the overall volatility of your portfolio. And more importantly, you may be missing significant growth opportunities provided by exposure to industry segments such as Real Estate Investment Trusts (REITs) and energy exploration typically found in the mid-cap arena.

Adding mid-cap stocks to a portfolio has historically added value over both the short- and long-term.

HYPOTHETICAL VALUE OF MID-CAPS IN YOUR PORTFOLIO

9/30/2001 to 9/30/2011

- Large-Cap
- Mid-Cap
- Small-Cap



AVERAGE ANNUALIZED RETURN

No Mid-Cap		25% Mid-Cap		50% Mid-Cap	
5 yr	-0.94%	5 yr	-0.50%	5 yr	-0.13%
10 yr	4.05%	10 yr	5.17%	10 yr	6.19%
20 yr	7.89%	20 yr	8.53%	20 yr	9.10%
30 yr	10.51%	30 yr	10.93%	30 yr	11.30%

Past performance does not guarantee future results. The performance illustrated is that of the indexes shown and is not representative of the Fund.

It is not possible to invest directly in an index.

Large-caps as represented by the Russell 1000 Index, mid-caps as represented by the Russell Mid-Cap Index, and small-caps as represented by the Russell 2000 Index.¹

Investments in real estate investment trusts ("REITs") and real-estate related securities involve special risks associated with an investment in real estate, such as limited liquidity and interest rate risks and may be more volatile than other securities. In addition, the value of REITs and other real estate-related investments is sensitive to changes in real estate values, extended vacancies of properties and other environmental and economic factors.

Funds whose investments are concentrated in a specific industry or sector may be subject to a higher degree of market risk than funds whose investments are diversified. In addition, the Fund may be subject to specific risks of the technology sector, such as obsolescence.

Source: Hypothetical Illustrations, Morningstar®.

The Huntington Approach to Mid-Cap Investing

Designed to provide investors with access to mid-cap equity opportunities, the Huntington Mid Corp America Fund blends Huntington's long-standing quantitative approach with proprietary patent* research we believe helps identify innovation and opportunity.

Economic Outlook/ Quantitative Review

Guided by Huntington's economic outlook for industries and sectors believed to be attractive, the Fund evaluates stocks with market capitalizations between \$500 million to \$18 billion. This rigorous selection process combines quantitative, qualitative and technical analyses that highlight specific factors we believe could contribute to strong growth potential. Huntington's quantitative approach analyzes earnings growth, earnings change, cash flow, book value, price/earnings and momentum, screening for both value and growth.

The Fund is broadly diversified with approximately 120 companies across a wide range of industry groups. Since the Fund's stocks are generally not in the public news or widely followed by equity analysts, we believe these "neglected" gems may provide the some of the best investment opportunities in the marketplace.

LOOKING FOR HIDDEN GEMS

Of course, not all mid-sized companies are candidates for the Huntington Mid Corp America Fund. In addition to passing Huntington's quantitative hurdles, the Fund also looks for:

Thematic Opportunities

Some companies typically only exist in the mid-cap space, like energy companies that are focused on exploration and production, regional banks with community-specific programs and real estate investment trusts invested in diverse geographic areas, to name a few.

Product Innovation

*The Fund evaluates a company's patents—what types and how many have been granted—and evaluate the science behind the patents and their industry impact. How closely the patent portfolio is linked to the company's core services may, in turn, impact management's ability to move the company forward as well as create potential buy-out interest.

Differentiators

Many factors can compel a company's earnings growth—unique marketing strategies, pricing, growth via mergers or buying other companies. The Fund couples these findings with what it believes are attractive talents in management, such as their approach to solving problems, providing customer service and eagerness to try new ideas and processes.

The Huntington Advantage

The investment managers of Huntington Funds include some of the most experienced people in the industry.

On average the investment professionals of Huntington Asset Advisors, Inc. (HAA), advisor to the Fund, have worked for more than 25 years in the investment business.

Managing money always demands a blending of art and science. At Huntington, our staff's experience and talent contribute the art. Our disciplines provide the science. Today, HAA and its affiliates manage nearly \$14.5 billion* for individuals, institutions, endowments, foundations, retirement plans, IRAs and municipalities across six states.

HAA is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Huntington National Bank, which is the principal subsidiary of Huntington Bancshares Incorporated, a regional bank holding company headquartered in Columbus, Ohio with \$54 billion* in assets.

* As of June 30, 2011.



MEET THE PORTFOLIO MANAGER

Christopher M. Rowane is a Senior Vice President and Senior Portfolio Manager at Huntington National Bank, Inc. Chris has managed the Huntington Mid Corp America Fund since its inception March 1, 2001. With more than 21 years of investment management experience, Chris is a Chartered Financial Analyst and earned his bachelor's degree and MBA in finance from Gannon University in Erie, Pennsylvania.

CLASS A

HUMIX

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HMATX



Helping You Find the Best Opportunities for Investing Today

You are unique. You want to know that your portfolio is well-positioned to take advantage of opportunities that exist in companies of all sizes—big, small and in between.

Look to your financial professional to guide you in selecting the Huntington Fund best suited for your investing personality. For more information, please call 800-253-0412 for a prospectus or visit our website at huntingtonfunds.com.

¹ Large-cap stocks as represented by the Russell 1000[®] Index, which measures the performance of the large-cap segment of the U.S. equity universe, representing approximately 92% of the U.S. market. It is a subset of the Russell 3000[®] Index and includes approximately 1000 of the largest securities based on a combination of their market cap and current index membership.

Mid-cap stocks as represented by the The Russell Mid-Cap Index, which measures the performance of the mid-cap segment of the U.S. equity universe, representing approximately 31% of the total market capitalization of the Russell 1000 companies. The Russell Mid-Cap is a subset of the Russell 1000[®] Index. It includes approximately 800 of the smallest securities based on a combination of their market cap and current index membership.

Small-cap stocks as represented by the Russell 2000 Index, which measures the performance of the small-cap segment of the U.S. equity universe. The Russell 2000 is a subset of the Russell 3000[®] Index representing approximately 10% of the total market capitalization of that index. It includes approximately 2000 of the smallest securities based on a combination of their market cap and current index membership.

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Past performance is no guarantee of future results.

Investing in securities involves risk, including possible loss of principal amount invested.

The performance data quoted represents past performance and does not guarantee future results. The investment return and principal value of an investment will fluctuate; thus an investor's shares, when sold or redeemed, may be worth more or less than their original cost. Current performance may be lower or higher than return data quoted herein. Returns are net of fees.

Mid-cap investing involves greater risk not associated with investing in more established companies, such as greater price volatility, business risk, less liquidity and increased competitive threat.

Individuals cannot invest directly in an Index, however, an individual can invest in exchange traded funds or other investment vehicles that attempt to track the performance of a benchmark index.

For more complete information about the Huntington Funds, please call 1-800-253-0412 for a prospectus or summary prospectus or log onto our website at huntingtonfunds.com. You should consider the Fund's investment objectives, risks, charges and expenses carefully before you invest. Information about these and other important subjects is in the Fund's prospectus or summary prospectus, which you should read carefully before investing. The investment return and principal value of an investment will fluctuate so that an investor's shares when redeemed may be worth more or less than their original cost.

The Fund is distributed by Unified Financial Securities, Inc. (Member FINRA) a wholly owned subsidiary of Huntington Bancshares, Inc. and an affiliate of Huntington Asset Advisors, Inc. the advisor to the Huntington Funds.

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